

THE CROMWELL GAZETTE AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

CROMWELL, OTAGO, N.Z.: TUESDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1874.

No. 63, Vol. V.

Price 6d.

Cromwell Advertisements

WOOD & BARTON'S CLOTHING

Cromwell Advertisements

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
FAMILY GROCERS,
WINE, SPIRIT, AND GENERAL MERCHANTS.

We desire to intimate that in order to meet the growing exigencies of our business, we have lately built substantial stone additions to our former premises.

At the urgent request of our numerous customers, we have added to our other branches of business, that of

DRAPERY, CROCKERY, & IRONMONGERY.

We would further notify that, having engaged a Buyer in connection with our business to select special lines consigned from the Home and Melbourne markets, we will in future be in position to offer such superior advantages to our customers as will not fail to ensure a continuance of their liberal patronage. And, more especially, will command the attention and confidence of the Trade, Runholders, and Large Buyers.

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.

Our GROCERY STOCK comprises:

Teas, of excellent flavour, in chests, half-chests, and boxes
Coffee, from the pure bean, ground on the premises
Cocoa, Chocolate, of the best brands
Sugar, crystals of every shade, and crushed loaf
Bacon, Cheese, Butter, weekly supplies from the best dairies
Jams, Jellies, and Pickles

TOBACCOES.

Imperial, Aromatic, cable-twist—superior
Cameron's celebrated brands—Havelock, Golden
Bar, Venetians
Barrett's Twist, in quarter-tires and boxes.

WINES AND SPIRITS.

Bordeaux: Hennessy's, Associated Vineyard, Martell's, in bulk and case
Whiskies: Old Glenury, Llyay, Longjohn's, in bulk and case
Rum: Lemon Part's
Port: Fine old Offley's, six grape
Sherry: Gonzala, six diamond's
Gin: J. K. Z. Geneva, Nectar, and Kummell
Old Tom: Burnett's, Darcie's
Claret: St. Julian's

IRONMONGERY

Blasting powder and fuse
Gunpowder, cans, and shot
Long and short handled shovels
Sondes, staves, forks
Picks and pick handles
Gold dishes, bone-pipes
Drills and drilling hammers
Marilla and flax ropes
White lead, castor, boiled, and co'sa oils
Galvanized and corrugated iron
Stoves and piping

CANVAS, SADDLERY, AND BRUSHWARE.

HOLT'S SEWING MACHINES: CABINET AND HAND.

DRAPERY & CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Suits: silk-mixture, Galatea, Paget, sac
Boys' do.
Trousers and Vests: Mosgiel, silk-mixed, tweed, doeskin
Shirts: white dress, crimpans, scotch twill, tweed
Pants and undershirts, in flannel, lamb's-wool, merino, and cotton
Hosiery and hats

BOOTS & SHOES.

Boots: men's elastic-sides, watertight, half-Wellingtons; Hayward and North British Gum Boots
Women's and children's Boots, Shoes, and Slippers, in calf, kid, and cashmere.

N.B.—All goods in this department are marked at low prices.

CROCKERYWARE.

Breakfast, dinner, and bedroom sets complete
Lamps: parlour, hanging, bracket

FILTERS, VASES, AND LUSTRES.

FANCY GOODS.

Electro-plated Britannia-metal tea and coffee pots; meerschaum and briar pipes—a choice selection; patent medicines; stationery; perfumery.

COLONIAL PRODUCE: Wheat, Oats, Chaff, Pollard, and Potatoes.

D. A. J. & Co. have been appointed sole agents for the sale of Butel Bros.' superior silk-dressed flour, bran, and pollard; and are prepared to promptly execute all orders within a radius of sixty miles.—FLOUR GUARANTEED. TERMS LIBERAL.

SHAMROCK STORE, CROMWELL.

WILLIAM SHANLY,

FAMILY GROCER, GENERAL STOREKEEPER,

is carrying on business at the old-established premises, next to the Bank of New South Wales, Main-street.

The BEST QUALITY of GOODS only
is kept in stock.

All orders will be sent with prompt attention.

STARKEY'S KAWARAU HOTEL, CROMWELL.

Having purchased the above well-known hotel, G. M. STARKEY begs to inform his numerous friends, and the public generally, that it will be his study to maintain the high-reputation the KAWARAU HOTEL has long since acquired for comfort.

One of Aloock's prize Billiard Tables (quite new.)

Wines and Spirits of the very best quality.

An efficient Green always in attendance.

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.,

CROMWELL, QUEENSTOWN, LAWRENCE,
DUNEDIN, and MELBOURNE.

ARE DIRECT IMPORTERS OF
DRAPERY; BOOTS AND SHOES; GROCERIES; WINES, SPIRITS, AND PROVISIONS; IRONMONGERY; CROCKERY; BUILDING MATERIALS OF
ALL DESCRIPTIONS; PAPERHANGINGS; OILS, & PAINTS;
GRINDERY, FURNITURE AND BEDDING; SADDLERY; AND PATENT MEDICINES.

A supply of WHEAT, OATS, BRAN, & POLLARD always on hand.

Being the only authorised agents for

ROBERTSON & HALLENSTEIN'S BRUNSWICK FLOUR MILLS,

LAKE WAKATIPU,

We are prepared to supply their best Silk-dressed Flour, guaranteed equal to Adelaide.

Having opened a branch establishment in Dunedin, solely for the manufacture of

MENS' CLOTHING,

We are in a position to offer to the public a SUPERIOR CLASS OF GOODS AT REDUCED PRICES.

We therefore respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage hitherto bestowed, and our customers may rest assured that all orders entrusted to our care will be promptly executed.

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.

CROMWELL TIMBER & IRON YARD, LATE MR. GRANT'S NEW ZEALAND & AMERICAN TIMBER YARD.

JAMES TAYLOR,

Carpenter and Builder, Ironmonger,



Has FOR SALE all kinds of Building Material suitable for the district.

Estimates given for Buildings at the Lowest Prices compatible with Good Material and Workmanship.

Punctuality and attention to all orders may be relied on.

A Large Assortment of Paperhangings, Paints, Glass, FURNITURE—comprising Chairs, Tables, Washstands, Iron Bedsteads, &c. Building Ironmongery, Carpenters' and Miners' Tools, Hemp, Wire, and Manilla Rope, SADDLERY, &c., cheap.

Cromwell Veterinary Shoeing Forge.

Next door to Kidd's Cromwell Hotel.

E. D. WARD LINDSAY,
(Late of Clyde and Melbourne),
GENERAL BLACKSMITH, FARRIER, AND MACHINIST,

Begs to intimate to his customers and the general public that he has REMOVED to his NEW PREMISES, next to the Cromwell Hotel, Melmore Terrace, where he will carry on every description of Blacksmith work and Farriery as heretofore.

E. LINDSAY begs to intimate to the Public generally that he has gone to the expense of getting a CAST-IRON BED for TIRING WHEELS on a new principle, being the first introduced up-country, which he will guarantee to give general satisfaction; also, that he has made a reduction in the price of Horse-shoeing.

LIGHT SHOES 12s.

DRAUGHT " 17s.

EDWARD LINDSAY,
Veterinary Shoeing Forge.

Having arranged to devote my time exclusively to these occupations, business entrusted to my care will receive every attention.

Agent for the New Zealand Fire Insurance Company.

K. PRESTON, CROMWELL, COACH AND GENERAL PAINTER, PAPERHANGER, &c.

Has always on hand a fine selection of Paperhangings, Paints, Glass, and Mouldings of every description, at low prices.

Contracts undertaken for General Painting, Paperhanging, Decoration, and Sign Writing.

Cromwell.

VICTORIA STORE, CROMWELL.

I. WRIGHT,
DRAPER, CLOTHIER, HOSIER,
HABERDASHER, AND
GENERAL STOREKEEPER.

I. WRIGHT is now offering an assortment of

NEW and CHEAP GOODS, in

DRESS MATERIALS—Prints, Winceys, Alpacas,

all-wool Plaids, French Merinos, &c.

Calicoes, Flannels, Blankets, Quilts

Toilet Covers, Matting and Druggetting

Ladies and Children's Underclothing

BABY LINEN.

Also, a well-selected stock of

Women and Children's Boots and Shoes, in

leather, kid, and cashmere

Ladies and Children's Hats, trimmed and un-

trimmed.

Ironmongery, Glass, Crockery

Patent Medicines, Fancy Goods

Toys, Jewellery, Cutlery, Stationery

Perfumery, Musical Instruments

Berlin and other Wools

Paperhangings, Brushware

Tobacco and Cigars

and other Goods too numerous to mention.

NEWSAGEN.

BELFAST STORE,
CLYDE AND CROMWELL.WINES, SPIRITS, GROCERIES, HARD-
WARE, COLONIAL PRODUCE,

&c. &c. &c.

JAMES HAZLETT

Begs to inform the Public of the Dunstan District that, in connection with his established business of ten years at Clyde, he has opened EXTENSIVE PREMISES AT CROMWELL, where he will be able to supply the Trade, Runholders, Farmers, and Private Families, with EVERY CLASS OF GOODS, of the very best description, at the lowest current rates.

JAMES HAZLETT would particularly mention that in the FLOUR & COLONIAL PRODUCE BUSINESS he can defy competition, as in that line he is in connection with Messrs WHITTINGHAM BROTHERS, of Queenstown, who are the largest buyers in the Lake District.

J. HAZLETT, being a CASH BUYER in the Dunedin and Melbourne Markets, feels confident he can sell the cheapest and best article in the District, and invites a visit from Purchasers.

Note the address:

JAMES HAZLETT,
CLYDE AND CROMWELL.CROMWELL APOTHECARIES'
HALL.MAX GALL,
CHEMIST & DRUGGIST,
Dealer in Fancy Goods, Perfumery, Stationery,
Tobacco and Cigars.

Prescriptions accurately prepared.

Large stock of Patent Medicines, always on hand,
and sold at a price considerably lower
than ordinarily charged.MAX GALL,
Begs to inform the public that the whole of his stock may be relied upon as being of a first-class character; and he hopes, by giving the utmost care and attention to his business, to deserve and get the support of the inhabitants of Cromwell and the surrounding districts.

Credit not given for Medicines supplied, except by agreement made; and 5 per cent. will be charged on all accounts not settled within a month.

June 1, 1874.

WILLIAM TAYLOR,
BOOTMAKER,
MELMORE STREET, CROMWELL.Has a large and varied stock of Boots and Shoes
on hand, of the best quality.

An inspection of the stock is invited.

Boots and Shoes made to order in the latest and
most approved fashion.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

PRICES MODERATE.

NOTICE.

POISON for DOGS will be laid on
MOUNT PISA STATION on and after this
date.

I. LOUGHNAN.

Mount Pisa, 15th May 1874.—67a

Mount Pisa, 15th

Bannockburn

CARRICK RANGE HOTEL,
QUARTZVILLE.

CHARLES PEAKE

Proprietor.

The Proprietor, having recently purchased the above well-known and centrally-situated Hotel, is now in a position to offer first-class accommodation to all who may favour him with their patronage.

The Premises are fitted up and furnished on the most complete scale, and the arrangements for the comfort of visitors and travellers are second to none in the district.

COMMODIOUS BILLIARD ROOM, fitted with one of Julius Paser's full-sized tables.

AN EXCELLENT SIX-STALLED STABLE, with careful groom always in attendance.

183 CHARLES PEAKE

BANNOCKBURN PUBLIC LIBRARY.

After Monday, April 27th, the Bannockburn Library will be in the SCHOOLMASTER'S RESIDENCE, Smith's Gully.

Terms of Subscription: Five Shillings entrance fee; and One Shilling a Month, payable quarterly in advance.

Albertown

ALBERT HOTEL, STORE, & POST-OFFICE.

ALBERTOWN.

H. NORMAN

Begs to intimate that he has made very extensive improvements in the above old establishment, and can now offer unrivalled accommodation, both for man and horse.

A large stock of GENERAL STORES & DRAPERY always on hand.

Old acquaintances will please remember that they can still make themselves perfectly home at

H. NORMAN'S, ALBERTOWN.

Luggate

ALBION HOTEL AND STORE LUGGATE.

28 miles from Cromwell, on the main road to Lake Wanaka.

H. MAIDMAN Proprietor.

This well-known Hotel possesses every accommodation for the comfort and convenience of travellers.

Groceries, Clothing, Drapery, Ironmongery, Mining Tools, &c., &c., constantly on hand, at Cromwell prices.

GOOD STABLING.

N.B.—District Post Office.

Wanaka

WANAKA HOTEL, PEMBROKE.

The above hotel, which is delightfully situated on the margin of the Wanaka Lake, offers to the tourist and pleasure-seeker advantages rarely to be met with.

The scenery in the neighbourhood is exceedingly picturesque; and on an Island in the Lake there is excellent rabbit-shooting.

An excellent Four-stalled STABLE, and a PADDOCK, for horses.

THEODORE RUSSELL,

Proprietor.

Clyde

MEDICAL HALL, CLYDE.

LOUIS HOTOP, CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST, SUNDERLAND-ST., CLYDE.

Prescriptions carefully prepared.

BOOKSELLER, STATIONER, AND NEWS VENDER.

Importer of English, Foreign, and Colonial Newspapers and Magazines.

Libraries and Magazine Clubs supplied at small advance upon English prices.



NOTICE.

THE following are the days appointed for holding the Resident Magistrate's and Warden's Courts for the half-year ending the 30th of December, 1874, for the Dunstan Division of the Otago Goldfields District:

CLYDE—every THURSDAY.

CROMWELL—every FRIDAY.

ALEXANDRA—MONDAY, October 12, 26;

November 9, 23;

December 7, 14;

BLACKS—TUESDAY, October 27;

November 24;

December 22;

ROXBURGH—TUESDAY, October 20;

November 17;

December 15;

W. LAWRENCE SIMPSON,

Warden and R.M.



THE CLYDESDALE ENTIRE HORSE.

YOUNG PRINCE CHARLIE,

Will travel this Season in CROMWELL, CLYDE, ALEXANDRA, and BLACKS.

Full particulars in a future issue.

THOMAS CRAWFORD,
Wai Keri Keri Valley.

"SMALL PROFITS AND QUICK RETURNS."

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Cheap Drapery from Dunedin.

R. ISAACS,

The Cheap Draper, will visit the Cromwell and surrounding districts on or about the 22nd inst., with a cheap and well-selected stock of LADIES', GENTLEMEN'S, & CHILDREN'S CLOTHING, BOOTS, HATS,

&c. &c. &c.,

which he will sell at the very lowest price consistent with good quality, while the motto at the head of this notice will be strictly followed out.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

SUMMER GOODS! SUMMER GOODS!

Direct from Dunedin.

TOYS & FANCY GOODS

of every description.

Please defer your purchases until you see the stock R. ISAACS will bring up.

I. HALLENSTADT & CO.

W. respectfully beg to invite the public to avail themselves of this opportunity.

AT A GREATLY REDUCED PRICE.

class of goods shortly expected, we have resolved to sell every

store, and to make room for large consignments our compound, during the building of our new

owing to the very limited accommodation at

the hotel.

TO THE PUBLIC.

I

MONSTER SWEEPSTAKE

ON THE

MELBOURNE CUP, 1874.

300 SUBSCRIBERS AT £1 1s. EACH.

To be divided as follows:

First Horse	£150
Second do.	60
Third do.	20
Starters	40
Non-starters	30

Tickets forwarded to Subscribers immediately on receipt of Cash, Bank Draft, or P.O.O.

Early application to be made to the under-signed.

GEORGE M. STARKEY, Treas.

JOHN MARSH, Secretary.

Starkey's Kawarau Hotel, Cromwell.

GRAND ART UNION.

REITH & WILKIE,

Having purchased from FRANK DUNNETT, Esq., his beautiful collection of

WATER-COLOUR DRAWINGS,

have now the pleasure of submitting them, with other choice pictures, consisting of rare Oleographs, Chromo-lithographs, Oil Paintings, Engravings, and Large Photographs, for disposal by Art Union.

Prizes to the value of £341 5s.

Tickets, 10s 6d each.

(To be obtained at the Office of this Paper.)

N.B.—The distinctive feature of this Art Union is, that every ticket-holder who does not draw a prize will be presented with a valuable book.

The drawing will take place on or about the 3rd November.

THE DOCTOR FOR ALL!

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS

Chest Complaints.

No diseases are more frequent, few more dangerous, than affections of the respiratory organs. The first symptoms of catarrh, bronchitis, and influenza may always be radically removed by Holloway's renowned Pills. They quickly remedy any temporary stagnation of blood, relieve any over-gorged veins, moderate the hurried breathing, and enable the lungs to do their office with ease and regularity. These Pills, by their purifying powers, cleanse the blood from all impurities, and fortify the system against consumption, asthma, and similar complaints.

Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, and Bowels.

From various causes these organs are frequently getting out of order, and require some suitable medicine to regulate them. Holloway's Pills effect this object with wonderful celerity and certainty. They do not distress the system, or weaken the frame; they thoroughly invigorate the digestive organs. They gently excite the stomach and liver, stimulate the kidneys to perform their functions efficiently, and act upon the bowels without griping or any other annoyance. Again, taken an hour before dinner, they cannot be equalled as a "Dinner Pill," as they entirely prevent acidity, flatulency, nausea, and biliousness.

Windy or Watery Dropsy.

Whoever is afflicted with these complaints should at once have recourse to Holloway's Pills. They act most energetically on the glandular and absorbent system, purify the blood, and impart a vigour which age or other causes may have temporarily taken away. They excite the kidneys to increased activity, and thereby stimulate the absorbents to remove the fluid already collected.

Disorders Peculiar to Women.

There is no medicine equal to Holloway's Pills for correcting the ailments incidental to females. They may be taken with safety for any irregularity of the system, as they remove all cause of maladies, and so restore, by their grand purifying properties, females of all ages to robust health.

Influenza, Diphtheria, and Croup Throats.

How all important it is to check the first departure from health! all may do so by taking Holloway's Pills, without risk or restriction. In all diseases affecting the blood, nerves, and muscles, or in cases of fever, sore throat, colds, coughs, asthma, and shortness of breath, the earlier they are taken the better.

Children's Complaints.

Diseases incidental to children, such as feverish attacks, scarlet fever, measles, and all diseases of the skin, may be immediately checked, and soon cured, by these purifying Pills, which may be reduced to a powder, and given in doses of one, two, or three nightly, according to the age of the sufferer. Holloway's Ointment is soothing, cooling, and healing, and is better adapted than any other remedy for all external ailments.

Indigestion, Bile, and Sick Headaches.

No organ in the human body is so liable to disorder as the liver, and none is more apt, when neglected, to become seriously diseased. When nausea, flatulency, or acidity on the stomach, warns us that digestion is not proceeding properly, Holloway's Pills regulate every function, give strength to every organ, speedily remove all causes of indigestion, bile, and sick headaches, and effect a permanent cure.

Lumbago, Rheumatism, and Gout.

In these diseases, the blood is always in a highly inflammatory state; the stomach is also disordered, and the liver and kidneys unnaturally torpid. A few doses of these Pills, taken in time, will rectify all these symptoms by their cooling and purifying properties.

Holloway's Pills are the best Remedy known in the world for the following diseases:—

Ague

Inflammation

Asthma

Jaundice

Bilious Complaints

Liver Complaints

Blotches on the Skin

Lumbago

Bowels Complaints

Piles

Colics

Rheumatism

Constipation of the Bowels

Retention of Urins

Consumption

Scrofula, or King's Evil

Debility

Sore Throats

Dropsy

Stone and Gravel

Dysentery

Secondary Symptoms

Erysipelas

Tie Doloreux

Female Irregularities

Tumours

Fever of all kinds

Ulcers

Fits

Venereal Affections

Gout

Worms of all kinds

Headache

Weakness, from what

Indigestion

ever cause

&c. &c. &c.

** There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients, in every disorder are affixed to each box, and can be had in any language—even in Chinese.

Music by Telegraph.

Elisha Gray, of Chicago, well-known in the electric telegraph world, has succeeded, almost beyond his own anticipations, in perfecting an instrument which will convey sound by electricity over an unbroken current of extraordinary length without the aid of automatic repeaters. In the ordinary transmission of messages over telegraphic wires to points at a long distance, a message is generally repeated by automatic working instruments about every 500 miles, in order to renew the current of electricity. Mr Gray has transmitted sounds, which were distinctly audible at the receiving point, over an unbroken circuit of 2400 miles. It is one of the greatest discoveries made since the early days of Morse. Such noted electricians have long agreed upon, that we know little at present of the possibilities of the future of electric science. The writer has heard music played on a small melodeon, or piano

key-board, transmitted through an unbroken circuit of 2400 miles, and reproduced on a violin attached to the receiving end of the wire. Mr Gray played "Hail Columbia," "The Star Spangled Banner," "God Save the Queen," "Yankee Doodle," and other well-known airs, and they were unmistakably repeated, note for note, on the violin, which lay on the table near at hand. Even an accidental false note was immediately detected on the violin.

The apparatus by means of which the feat is accomplished has been named by Mr Gray the telephone, or an instrument designed for the purpose of transmitting sound to a distance

WANTED, a Respectable Person, as GENERAL SERVANT. Apply to Mrs LAWRENCE, Quartzville.

Important and unreserved sale of Farm and Effects by auction.

D. POWELL & CO. will sell by public auction (by order of the Executors in the Estate of M. SHANLY, deceased,) on

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1874,

at 2 o'clock sharp,

At Shannon Farm, near Cromwell.

All that property known as Shannon Farm, containing 150 acres or thereabouts, held under authority of Messrs Howell and Loughnan, and with right of purchase from the Government; being nearly all well and securely fenced and subdivided into convenient paddocks, and having about 40 acres sown in Wheat and Oats.

Together with Dwelling, Stable yards, piggeries, &c. &c., thereto belonging.

8 or 10 well-bred Cattle
3 Horses, 3 Mares, and 2 young stock
Pigs, Fowls, &c.

Horse Chaff-Cutting Machine
Threshing Machine

Stack of unthreshed Oats

1 dray, spring-cart, harness, belting, &c.

Also,

Several desirable Sections in the Town of Cromwell.

Such an opportunity of securing a first-class farm, and really useful stock and produce should command the attention of intending purchasers.

Terms at sale.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 14.

COTTAGE TO LET.

Apply to

E. LINDSAY,

Melmore Terrace, Cromwell.

FIRST-CLASS INVESTMENT.

The undersigned, being desirous of Retiring from Business and Going Home, is willing to TREAT with any person for the PURCHASE of his long and well-established Business as a GENERAL BLACKSMITH in Cromwell.

The Premises, Tools, and all requisites for carrying on the business are in first-class order, and the Stock is at present up to the requirements of the trade.

For full particulars, apply to the Undersigned.

E. LINDSAY,

Blacksmith.

Cromwell, Oct. 1, 1874.

FOR SALE.

ONE FOURTH SHARE in Water Race and Claim of the ALL NATIONS COMPANY, Smith's Gully, Bannockburn.

This well-known property is one of the most valuable in the District, the race commanding all the ground at the foot of Carrick Range.

For particulars, apply to the Undersigned, or to Mr H. BEHRENS, on the claim.

JAMES MARSHALL,

Mining Agent, Cromwell.

NOTICE.

ANY Stray HORSES or CATTLE running on the WANAKA STATION must not be removed without the consent of the station-owners.

CAMPBELL & MCLEAN.

TENDERS FOR TUNNEL.

Tenders will be received by the Undersigned up till SATURDAY, October 17, for DRIVING a TUNNEL 800 feet (more or less) in the Heart of Oak claim, Carrick Range. Parties may tender either to put in the tunnel simply, or to lay down their own rails, find trucks, &c., in connection with the work.

Specifications can be seen at the Company's Office, Cromwell, or on the claim. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

JAMES MARSHALL,

Manager.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.

SHEARING will commence on the 20th November. Price, 17s 6d per hundred. Union men not wanted. Learners will be employed, and allowed for the full number they shear.

CAMPBELL & MCLEAN.

CHEAP SUMMER DRAPERY.

W. TALBOYS,
LONDON HOUSE,
CROMWELL.

LATEST NOVELTIES
IN
DRESSES AND COSTUMES.

W. TALBOYS,
LONDON HOUSE.

LARGE STOCK OF
Prints, Muslins, Hollands, & Diapers.

W. TALBOYS,
LONDON HOUSE.

NEWEST DESIGNS
IN
SILK JACKETS, HATS, & FLOWERS.

W. TALBOYS,
LONDON HOUSE.

CHOICE STOCK OF
LACE, TIES, COLLARS, & SETS.

W. TALBOYS,
LONDON HOUSE.

LATEST FASHIONS IN
Gents' Suits and Trousers & Vests.

W. TALBOYS,
LONDON HOUSE.

DRESS SHIRTS, CRIMEANS,
HATS, SCARFS, AND TIES.

W. TALBOYS,
LONDON HOUSE.

LADIES', GENTS', & CHILDRENS'
BOOTS,

IN GREAT VARIETY.

W. TALBOYS,
LONDON HOUSE,
CROMWELL.



THE THOROUGHBRED
ENTIRE HORSE
ARCHITECT

Will Stand the Season at Mount Pisa Station, and travel through the District.

This Thoroughbred Horse is a rich bay with black points, stands over sixteen hands, and shows great substance and quality; was bred by John Field, Esq., of Calstock, Tasmania, imported by J. B. Curran.—ARCHITECT is half brother to the "Quack," winner of the Melbourne Cup; and half brother to "Benvolio," winner of Sydney Derby. ARCHITECT took first prize at Campbelltown, Melton Mowbray, and Northern Agricultural shows in Tasmania, and first prize at Blueskin Show.

His oldest stock in Tasmania are three years old, and show great breeding and size; said to be the best horses in the island of Tasmania.

PEDIGREE.—ARCHITECT by "Peter Wilkins," imported; dam "Governess," imported; "Peter Wilkins," by the "Flying Dutchman," out of "Boarding School Miss," by "Plenipotentiary," out of "Marpessa," dam of "Pocahontas," "Stockwell's" dam. "Peter Wilkins" is own brother to "Rose de Florence," dam of "Ferryman," "Fenella," and "Maribynong"; also half brother to "Rose Bonheur" and "Typee," the dams of some of the best horses in England. ARCHITECT's dam "Governess," by "Conrad," grand-dam "Bequest," by "Snoozer"; great-grand-dam "Medea," by "Mozart"; g. g. g. dam "Whizzig," by "Whalebone." See Stud Book.

Terms, Five guineas.

One in five allowed to bona fide owners, payable by Promissory Note at three months from service, on one of the Banks of Otago.

Groomage, 5s, paid on service.

Good Paddocks, 2s. 6d. per week. Every care taken, but no responsibility.

No mares guaranteed. Season to end on 31st January. For further particulars apply to the Undersigned.

I. LOUGHNAN,
Mt. Pisa Station.

NOTICE.

TENDERS for the formation of Section

I. of the Track (Cardrona to Cromwell via Kirtleburn) will be received up till WEDNESDAY, the 28th inst.

Tenders to be addressed to the Chairman, Cardrona Progress Committee, Post-Office, Cardrona. Plans, specifications, and conditions to be seen at the Post-Office, Cardrona, and at M'Nulty's Hotel, Roaring Meg, Kawarau River.

ROBT. M'DOUGALL,
Secretary,
Cardrona, October 8, 1874.

HEART OF OAK Q.M. COMPANY.

PARTIES wishing to tender for putting in Tunnel, are reminded that tenders must be sent to the Company's Office, Cromwell, before 5 p.m. on SATURDAY, October 17th.

The contract will be for 600 feet certain. If the reef is struck between 600 feet and 800 feet, the contract to terminate; if no reef is found, the whole 800 feet to be driven.

JAS. MARSHALL,
Manager.

STAR OF THE EAST Q.M. CO.,
REGISTERED.

An EXTRAORDINARY MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Company's Office, Cromwell, on WEDNESDAY, October 28, 1874.

JAMES MARSHALL,
Manager.

VICTORIA JUNCTION HOTEL,
CROMWELL.

JAMES STUART,

(Late of the Ferry Hotel, Bannockburn,) Begs to intimate to his friends and the public that he has purchased the above Hotel, where he hopes, by strict attention to business, and by keeping the best Wines and Spirits, to merit a share of public patronage.

A first-class table kept, and superior stone stabling in course of erection.

N.B.—The nearest Hotel to the Courthouse.

CORPORATION OF CROMWELL.

Applications will be received up to FRIDAY, 16th instant, from COMPETENT persons, to act as ASSESSORS for the Corporation for the year ending July 31, 1875. Two are required, to act conjointly, at £4 4s each.

CHAS. COICLOUGH,
Town Clerk.

M.U.L.O.O.E.

LOYAL CROMWELL LODGE,
No. 5850.

The FOURTH ANNIVERSARY BALL
In connection with the above Lodge will take place in

KIDD'S CONCERT HALL,

ON

WEDNESDAY EVENING,

November 4, 1874.

Double Tickets, 10s. 6d. each,

To be obtained from Mr Bennett, Quartzville; Mr Crombie, Bannockburn; Messrs Brown, Tronson, Amoore, Gilmour, Howe, R. Brown, and O. W. Wright, Cromwell.

WANTED, a COOK. Must be a competent hand. Apply at once at Kawarau Station.

JAMES COWAN.

POSTAL NOTICE.

Cromwell Post Office, Oct. 9, 1874.
Mails close at this office for the United Kingdom, the Continents of Europe, Asia, and Africa, via Suez, on Saturday, the 24th instant, at 3 p.m. sharp. Money Orders and Registered Letters will be received till two p.m.

CHAS. E. NICHOLAS,
Postmaster and Telegraphist.

BIRTH.

On October 7, at Kawarau Gorge, the wife of JOHN TOWAN, of a son,

Cromwell Argus,
AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

CROMWELL: TUESDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1874.

THE Dunstan Times in its last issue has something to say touching the Wakatip Coromage, concerning which we lately had a little discussion with the Wakatip Mail. The remarks made by the Times on the subject proper are not of sufficient importance to warrant us in wasting our space replying to them. They bring forward nothing new, and what is advanced as a reason for conserving the coromage has been advanced on previous occasions, in other papers, and in a much more able manner. We strongly suspect, in fact, that the remarks of the Times are put forward not so much from any desire to do battle on behalf of the Wakatip residents, (the writer must be surely aware that the Mail is competent for that task,) as from a wish to have a "fling" in a small way at its friend the CROMWELL ARGUS. We make it a rule to allow no one to touch us with impunity, but really we are getting somewhat tired of the Sisyphean task of teaching the Times to behave with something like a show of good manners when referring to other journals. The job has to be done, however, and we shall endeavour to do it as briefly as possible.

The Times had a perfect right to announce to its readers that the Goldfields has everything to win and nothing to lose by the abolition of Provincialism, although the fact is capable of considerable discussion, but it was overstepping the bounds of decent criticism when it presumed to imply that this journal had become an exponent of Provincial Government opinions, and to imply, (as an apology, we suppose, for our remarks to the Mail on that score,) that we were forced to deny the soft impeachment lest, forsooth, "our interests should be seriously damaged," and we should forfeit our dignity. What can the Times mean? Surely it must be aware that so far from injuring our interests, the very opposite would be the case, were we in a position to announce ourselves as published under authority. To the Mail we explained that such was not the case, and the Mail courteously accepted our statement on the matter. The Times, however, is moved by a different spirit, and coolly insinuates, nay declares, that a certain item of news which lately appeared in our columns was "only put forward as a 'feeler.'" After our remarks in a previous issue, are we going too far in saying that this is simply a piece of journalistic impertinence? We think not.

Rather more than a year ago, we had occasion to gently rebuke the Dunstan Times for introducing into the discussion of a subject the name of the supposed writer of any article with which it had occasion to differ; and its behaviour in that respect ever since has been so exemplary, that we thought a "perfect cure" had been established. Not so, however. The opportunity for dragging in the Goldfields Secretary, or, to use plain English, to make a point against Mr MACKELLAR, was too tempting to be foregone, and his name (through that of his office) was dragged in accordingly. Now we really are anxious

to put our respected contemporary in the way of reformation, and, to remove any temptation to offend again in this respect from its path, we propose in future to publish the names of the writers to whom we are indebted, if the *Times* is willing to adopt a similar course. Each writer's name shall appear appended to the article which he contributes. If the *Dunstan Times* can pluck up courage to adopt this simple method of avoiding such a gross breach of journalistic etiquette as is involved in alluding to the supposed contributors to any paper let it show its assent to our proposition by publishing the name of the writer of its next leader in its next issue. We shall inquire eagerly for our next "exchange."

If, however, the *Dunstan Times* does not choose to accept or act upon our proposal, we earnestly advise the editor of that paper to sin no more in the way of pointing at any one as the "chief literary head" (how supremely blessed to have a head of any sort) of the *Argus*.

At the last meeting of the Town Council, it was decided to sell the lease of the reserve adjoining the Council Chamber. The upset price was fixed at £1 per foot per year.

The Standard machine has just finished a crushing of 104 tons from Saltoun and party, of the Try Again claim. The yield was at the rate of close upon 21 dwt. to the ton. The machine starts again on stone from Watson and party's claim.

The Cromwell Lodge of Oddfellows intend to celebrate the fourth anniversary of their establishment by a grand ball, which will take place on the 4th November. Their previous anniversary celebrations have been marked successes, and the names of the committee of management on this occasion are sufficient guarantee that the present will be no exception in that respect.

Exceedingly changeable weather has been the rule for the past fortnight. Spring weather is usually changeable, but certainly this season has been an extraordinary one for Cromwell in that respect. Apparently the rain about Queenstown must have been very heavy during Sunday and yesterday, for the river was rising rapidly up to a late hour last night.

As a proof of the popularity of the Good Templar movement, it may be mentioned that the Cromwell Lodge now numbers seventy-five members. Since its formation, about three months ago, there have already been one or two backsliders, but this was only to be expected; and to compensate this, nearly every week new members are joining.

Waggoners camping in the vicinity of the town will hereafter require to be careful that they do not allow their horses to stray within the municipality. Sergeant Cassells summoned a waggoner the other day for this offence, and it was only because no warning had been given that he got off without a fine.

An information on rather a serious charge, arising out of the recent case of Max Gall and Co. v. Cowan, has been laid against a well-known gentleman resident in Cromwell. The information will come before the Bench on Friday, and is meanwhile exciting considerable interest in the town.

The *Dunstan Times* has at last discovered, *mirabile dictu*, that Cromwell sends down really a respectable lot of gold by the monthly escort, and congratulates the people of this district upon the flourishing prospect before them. The large amount of 2944 ounces sent last time has led to this rather late-in-the-day discovery, and to this congratulation. For the future, it is to be hoped the *Times* will give up the foolish habit of burying its head in the sand with regard to good news from this district. The returns last year were on two occasions (once by more than 1000 ounces) larger than that sent down last month, but the *Times* refused to see them.

As the result of the very severe gale which has apparently been felt all over the colony, Mr Nicholas, the local telegraphist, informs us that yesterday afternoon the lines north of Wellington and those on the West Coast were reported to be down.

We need hardly remind our readers that the Albertown Race Meeting takes place this week, on Friday and Saturday. We cannot speak as to what may be expected in the way of fields for the different events, but there is every reason to believe that in this respect the meeting will not be behind those of former years. Albertown has always furnished a couple of days' good sport, and the Race Committee are sanguine that the present meeting will be no exception to the rule.

While giving Mr Clarke, late M.P.C. for the Lakes district, every credit for being a well-meaning man, we must confess to being strongly impressed with a notion that there is something savouring of the theatrical in his manner of making his exit from the political stage. It is rather cool in him to assume, to say the least of it, that his resignation will have the smallest effect in determining the issue of the discussion touching the abolition or otherwise of Provincialism. Nearly as cool a proceeding as was that of his during the last sitting of the Provincial Council when he proposed motions for the *Supplementary Estimates* involving an expenditure of over £20,000. A well-meaning man is Mr Clarke, no doubt, but too enthusiastic and visionary for taking an active practical part in political matters.

The moas Mr R. K. Smythe captured in Canterbury are reported to have escaped. We are not told what has become of Mr Smythe. Probably he is looking for "moa."

The pedigree of Mr I. Loughnan's entire horse, Architect, is published in our advertising columns this week. We notice by an exchange that this horse cost Mr Loughnan £300.

Mr Cambridge, Clyde, we notice, is the successful tenderer for the new Library Hall there, to be erected alongside of the Town-hall. £375 is the contract price. Messrs Drummey and Heron were the only other tenderers.

In the Provincial Government *Gazette* of the 7th instant, a notification is published of certain lands having been reserved as a race-course for the inhabitants of Cromwell. The reserve contains 300 acres.

A meeting of the members of the Fire Brigade was held in the Town-hall on Wednesday evening, October 7. The business was of an unimportant nature. The captain, Mr G. M. Starkey, stated that he had received an intimation from the Norwich Union Insurance Company, through the local agent, that they would be prepared to subscribe equally with other companies, and the Secretary was requested to write to the companies in Dunedin asking for contributions. The Town Council were thanked for their donation of ten pounds, and also for their promise of future assistance. It was agreed to ask the Council to find a place suitable for keeping the property of the Brigade, and their machinery. A meeting was fixed for that day fortnight, when officers are to be appointed. This concluded the business.

We are informed that of the self-constituted body formed at the Wakatip to champion the conservation of the 170,000 acres of commonage, four are publicans, two storekeepers, one a restaurant keeper, one a gingerbeer manufacturer, one a gardener, and one a miner.

One of the chimneys in the Golden Age Hotel caught fire yesterday afternoon about two o'clock, and for some time excitement reigned in that neighbourhood. The fire-bell having been rung, quite a crowd collected very quickly, and among them the Captain, Lieutenant, and a few of the members of the newly-formed Fire Brigade.

In connection with the chimney itself, there was no occasion for their services, but the flames having been communicated to the wood-work, whence they burst out through the wall above the fire-place, for nearly half an hour several of the members had pretty hard work in extinguishing them. This, as the flames had no hold to speak of, was only a work of time; but it was a fortunate thing that the occurrence took place in the day-time, and not at night, else in all probability a very serious and extensive conflagration would have had to be recored.

The *Arrow Observer* contains the following particulars in reference to the accident whereby Mr Hallenstein had his leg broken:—

"On Tuesday morning a buggy accident occurred on Patterson's Hill, whereby Mr Bendix Hallenstein was severely injured, and other occupants more or less hurt. Mr Hallenstein was driving Mrs Arndt and child together with her maid, from Thurlby Domain to Arrowtown to catch the coach for Cromwell, and on ascending the steep incline known as Paterson's Hill, the horse, a rather spirited animal, took fright at some object near the roadway—said to have been a wheelbarrow left by a roadman—and commenced backing down the hill, towards a dangerous culvert. Mr Hallenstein sprang out to secure the horse's head, but too late to save the trap, which went over the embankment, without, however, doing much damage to the occupants, although Mr Arndt was thrown out with some force. On recovering herself, that lady found Mr Hallenstein lying on the road helpless, he having most unfortunately broken his leg in jumping from the trap. Mrs Arndt immediately went to the residence of Mr W. Paterson and obtained assistance, when the injured gentleman was conveyed to the house, and the Doctor sent for.

This accident should act as a warning to roadmen to carefully put their tools out of view from the road. It is wonderful that serious evils have not before resulted from this cause, as we have often noticed that road parties seem to delight in having the whole plant with which they work displayed on the roadside, although they almost daily see horses shieing or jibbing at sight of them."

Sergeant Smith, of the Police here (says the *Oamaru Times*), dropped upon a man who has been wanted a long time, a day or two ago. While looking at the new skittle alley at the Swan Hotel, the Sergeant noticed a man for whom he thought there had been anxious enquiries, and accosting him by name, was met with a ready reply. The man's name was Burleson, and a warrant was issued for his apprehension some nine years ago for stealing a draft for £190 at the Teviot. About that time the Sergeant had a two days' ride in quest of his man in vain, to find him at last in the accident way above noted. Burleson was immediately arrested, and has, we hear, since confessed to the crime with which he is charged. Burleson has, since levanting from New Zealand, been in business in Sydney as a baker, but with that fatality which seems to attend breakers of the law, returned to the scene of his misdoings only to fall into the hands of the Philistines.

The following Auckland telegram (dated October 7,) which we take from a Dunedin exchange, is explanatory of the item of news in our telegraphic columns relating to the Auckland murder case:—

"The Supreme Court was occupied to-day with the charge of wilful murder against Charles Dyer, an old Pakiri settler. The evidence showed that the deceased, Elizabeth Battersea, prisoner's niece, cohabited with him. She was a poor, broken-down, wretched creature, scarcely able to walk unassisted. The prisoner is a powerful man. They lived on very bad terms. On the morning of Battersea's death, the prisoner was heard to threaten to "roast her alive." In the afternoon he was seen to carry her, with her clothes all blazing, to the creek near their house, throw her in, and then drag her out in a fearfully burnt and dying condition. She afterwards died. When arrested, the prisoner said she had knocked her head against a kerosene can, which spilled over, and striking a match accidentally, set fire to her hair. A constable who visited the house prior to the occurrence deposed that the kerosene can

was in the same position and contained the same quantity after the prisoner's arrest as before the occurrence. The oil was spilled all round where deceased sat, but not on the parts covered by her dress. It is alleged the prisoner threw the kerosene can over her, then set fire to her dress, and afterwards carried her out and threw her into the creek."

The moas Mr R. K. Smythe captured in Canterbury are reported to have escaped. We are not told what has become of Mr Smythe. Probably he is looking for "moa."

The pedigree of Mr I. Loughnan's entire horse, Architect, is published in our advertising columns this week. We notice by an exchange that this horse cost Mr Loughnan £300.

The *Wakatip Mail* understands that several tenders have been sent in for the performance of the mail service between Queenstown and Clyde, and further learns that some of these tenders are at a very low rate, and calculated upon the basis of a two-horse coach service. The *Mail* hopes that the post-office authorities will, in dealing with the tenders, secure an efficient performance of the mail contract, which it thinks can hardly be rendered by a two-horse service.

The butchers of Dunedin, "in consequence of the unprecedented increase in the value of fat stock, and in view of an evidently rising market," have raised the price of all kinds of butcher meat one penny per pound.

John Blakely, of Blacks, tried on two charges of cattle-stealing at the Dunedin Supreme Court, has been acquitted on both.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

DUNEDIN.

SATURDAY.

The total amount collected in aid of the widow and family of Captain Hart is £1602.

At a meeting of the Ocean Beach Railway Company yesterday, it was decided to close the share list on November 9. Shares are going off rapidly.

A rumour was current in Wellington yesterday that Sir Donald Maclean, Native Minister, will be offered the new Governorship of Fiji.

AUCKLAND, October 9.

Charles Dyer has been sentenced to death for the murder of Elizabeth Battersea. When leaving the dock, he pointed to the constable whose evidence convicted him, saying, "That man is my murderer." He protested that her death was the result of an accident on her own part.

The Mikado arrived at Auckland with the San Francisco mail on Friday at midnight.

LEVUKA, September 4.

The annexation of Fiji is completed, and the English flag was floated for the first time yesterday.

EUROPEAN SUMMARY.

Mount Etna is still in eruption, and there is no sign of abatement. The inhabitants are fleeing from the villages at the foot of the mountain, but it is not expected any damage will be done.

It is reported that an order will soon be issued in Berlin, expelling foreign priests, monks, and nuns from Prussia.

Victor Hugo declines invitation peace Congress Geneva (!) He says peace cannot be established until another war is fought between France and Germany.

A great strike of cotton operatives has taken place at Bolton, in Lancashire. Four mills, employing 13,000 persons, have stopped work.

The German Government will not interfere in Spain's national affairs.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Grant's re-election to the Presidency is considered certain.

Madame Agatha States died in New York on September 2.

Arrangements are in progress for laying a trans-Pacific telegraph cable between San Francisco and Honolulu.

A Londoner named Johnson won the champion swimming match of England and America.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions expressed by our correspondents.]

CARRICK WATER RACE.

To the Editor of the CROMWELL ARGUS.

SIR,—If one thing has been talked about more than another in this district since the last meeting of the Carrick Range Water Race directors, it has been their action re the appointment of a working manager. I believe more interest was taken in this than in the Provincial election, at least this side of the Kawarau. The formation of so large a race is a gigantic scheme for a district such as this to undertake. It is a thing that all have an interest in, either directly or indirectly. The success of our district depends greatly on the successful completion of this race; hence the great interest taken in the appointment of a man to superintend the completion of this important work. Need I say, their choice has given general dissatisfaction and discontent. It may be asked, Why? I will endeavour to explain. In the first place their choice has fallen on an entire stranger, a man who never probably saw the water race or the district, one who has no interest in either, and therefore cannot be expected to look to its successful completion so much as one having interest in both race and district. A stranger is more likely to look after his five pounds per week, or study the interests of the individuals who put him in office. It is improbable that he would object to put on men recommended by them; and I pity Good Templars, who stand a small chance of being recommended by some of them. Another great disadvantage a stranger will labour under, is his non-acquaintance with the working men who are likely to ask for work. The number of shares that will be taken up in this district depends to a great extent on the energy and popularity of the manager. People will naturally say to themselves, "Perhaps this man is not capable of carrying on the work successfully, and I might only be throwing money away."

As a shareholder, I do not feel inclined to take more shares until I know something of how the thing is likely to be managed. There is no doubt it will be said that the St. Bathans shareholders had a right to be considered, having so large an interest. I grant this, but I think both the interests of shareholders here and of those at a distance would have been duly considered, had

a man known to both, and thought capable, been appointed. Some of the applicants are known to both,—notably Mr W. Griffiths, who served on a Board of Directors at St. Bathans with the present Chairman of the Carrick Range Water Company, having been elected out of a hundred shareholders; and who also lately served on the Board of Directors of the Carrick Water Race. He is a man who takes a lively interest in public affairs, and in whom great confidence is placed. He was requested to apply, and got the promise of some of the directors to support him; principally the chairman, I believe, who promised not to oppose him, but not only failed to fulfil his promise, but actually gave his casting vote against him. The directors simply said to the people of this district, "There is not a man among you that we have confidence in, or whom we consider capable of looking after a water race." That is most extraordinary, seeing that men like Messrs Wrightson, Williams, and Griffiths were amongst the applicants,—either of them not only capable, but well qualified for the work.—I am, &c.

SHAREHOLDER.

Bannockburn, Oct. 10, 1874.

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

The adjourned regular meeting of the Town Council was held on Tuesday evening last, the 6th instant. Present: the Mayor (Mr D. A. Jolly), Cr Shanly, Hayes, Grant, Taylor, and Wright.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed.

The inward correspondence was read and received, and the outward read and approved of, but none of it was of special interest.

On the motion of Cr Taylor, seconded by Cr Hayes, it was agreed to pay Mr Andrew Wood the sum of £1, for fixing a syphon in Sligo-street. An account presented by Mr Wood for extra labour was not recognised.

Mr J. R. Cowan forwarded his resignation as Corporation solicitor, and this was accepted.

The report of the Finance Committee having been read and received,

It was agreed that Mr Cowan's account be paid, less £5 5s. retaining fee.

Mr A. Wood was ordered to be paid £40 on account of his contract for forming Sligo-street, pending a report by the Inspector of Works.

Two tenders for the performance of scavenger's work in the town were opened, and were from Messrs Baker and Taylor respectively. It was decided that neither be accepted, but that the present contractor, Mr J. Baker, should be kept on until the Public Works Committee make some permanent arrangement.

In relation to the matter of the proposed Waterworks, Cr Hayes moved, and Cr Wright seconded, "That Mr Barr's expenses for visiting Cromwell with a view to Waterworks scheme be ascertained by telegram; also the probable expense of survey, plans, &c., as required by the Waterworks Act." Carried.

Arrangements are in progress for laying a trans-Pacific telegraph cable between San Francisco and Honolulu.

Carried.

With regard to assessors, it was agreed to advertise for applicants to undertake the task of assessment. [We direct attention to an advertisement elsewhere on the subject.]

The question of the disposal of the reserve next the Council Chamber then came on for discussion.

Cr Shanly moved, and Cr Taylor seconded, "That the reserve between Mr Colclough's residence and the Council Chamber be leased by auction,—the upset price to be £1 per foot per year,—for a term of ten years, in such frontages, as may be settled by the Public Works Committee." Carried.

The matter of the application by the Fire Brigade for a grant-in-aid was taken into consideration; and £10 was agreed to be devoted to that purpose.

In accordance with section 331 of the Municipal Corporations Act 1867, it was resolved to appoint Mr G. M. Starkey to be Inspector of the Brigade. The Brigade had made a further application to be allowed to use the vacant piece of ground beside the Council Chamber, but as the Council had now decided to lease it, the Brigade were ordered to be notified of that decision.

Debentures as required by the Waterworks Act were ordered to be procured without delay from one of the Dunedin lithographers.

Legal proceedings, it was resolved, should be at once instituted against all defaulting ratepayers.

Cr Grant moved, and Cr Shanly seconded, "That the Town Clerk write to the Gold-fields Secretary, urging upon him the desirability of taking definite steps to proclaim the proposed commonage." Carried.

A vote of thanks to the Mayor terminated the meeting.

Holloway's Pills.—The Hour of Danger.—Disease commonly comes on with slight with slight symptoms, which when neglected increase in extent and gradually grow dangerous—a condition which betrays the grossest remissness, when it is known that these Pills, taken in accordance with the accompanying directions, would not only have checked but conquered the incipient disorder. Patients daily forward details of the most remarkable and instructive cases in which by timely attention to Holloway's advice they were undoubtedly saved from severe illness. These Pills act primarily on the digestive organs, which they stimulate when sluggish and inactive; and secondly, upon the blood, which they thoroughly purify, and hence is derived the general tone they impart, and their power subjugating hypochondriacism, dyspepsia, and nervous complaints.

RESIDENT MAGISTRATE'S COURT.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1874.

(Before D. A. Jolly, Esq., J. P., and James Corse, Esq., J. P.)

Joseph Hughes, a waggoner, was charged with allowing his horses to wander within the bounds of the Municipality. This being the first charge of the kind, the case was dismissed, the defendant being cautioned.

On a charge of leaving his waggon, unyoked, in a public thoroughfare, Hughes was fined 20s. and costs.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1874.

(Before the same Justices.)

The same defendant, Joseph Hughes, was again charged with obstructing the main street, by leaving his waggon thereon, and was fined on this occasion 40s. and costs.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1874.

(Before W. Lawrence Simpson, Esq., R. M.)

RE-HEARING.

Max Gall and Co. v. J. R. Cowan.—Consideration of an application for a re-hearing in this case had been adjourned from last Court-day. The amount in difference between that sued for and that for which judgment was given,—eight shillings,—had now been paid into Court by defendant, and the application was therefore withdrawn.

CIVIL CASES.

Parsons v. Anderson.—No appearance; case struck out.

James Taylor v. J. Barker.—Withdrawn.

Alexander Cameron v. T. Gorman.—The plaintiff claimed £20. as compensation for being deprived by defendant of the use and possession of a horse, alleged by plaintiff to be his property.

Mr F. J. Wilson appeared for plaintiff.

The circumstances of this case were rather mixed-up in their nature. Gorman bought the horse in dispute from Mr John Wrightson, who purchased it or got possession of it from Cameron. Wrightson originally, some four or five years ago, lent Cameron money on the horse, and although Cameron protested no further transaction had taken place, Wrightson produced a sale-note of it, signed by Cameron. Evidence was given at some length, which it would be of no interest to publish, but the bulk of it went to show that Wrightson was the real owner of the animal; and the Magistrate gave a verdict accordingly for the defendant, with costs.

SLAUGHTERING LICENSES.

Edward Thompson, Nevis: granted.—Se Toi, Bannockburn: granted.

WARDEN'S COURT.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1874.

(Before W. Lawrence Simpson, Esq., Warden.)

APPLICATIONS.

Extended Claims.—Ah Foy and four others, five acres at Bannockburn: granted.—Roger Bell and three others, four acres at Kawarau Gorge: granted.—Samuel Graham, four acres at Doctor's flat: granted.—Thomas Baird, four acres at Brown's flat: granted.—Henrik Behrens, one acre at Smith's gully: objected to by Ah Ping and others, and adjourned for one week.

Tail Race.—Ah Foy, from extended claim, Bannockburn: granted.

Dam.—Ah Foy, at Doctor's flat: granted.

Water Races.—Bannockburn Water Race Co., three sluiceheads from Wet gully: objected to by Thomas and party, and refused.—Henry Thomas and another, three sluiceheads from Bannockburn creek: refused.—Same, one sluicehead from Wet gully: refused.—Arch. Ritchie, one sluicehead from Moore's dam: no appearance, cancelled.—James Lawrence, two sluiceheads from Bannockburn: no power to deal with it, being for coal-mining purposes.

LAWRENCE.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

October 5, 1874.

The Beaumont Spring Race Meeting, which was advertised to take place on the 2nd instant, has been postponed to Friday, October 9th, on account of the inclement weather, which has been of the most wintry description for the last fortnight, top-coats and umbrellas being the order of the day.

The soiree musicale which took place on Monday, the 28th ult., was a great success, notwithstanding the fact that it was raining all day, and the night very dark. There were over two hundred persons present, many of whom came a distance of several miles. The programme was carried out in its entirety. The performers were Mesdames Titchener, Needham, and Gooday, Misses Fowler and Dalton, and Messrs. Wood, Titchener, Ford, Leary, Holmes, and M'Intyre. Mrs. Wood accompanied the performers on the piano, and greatly contributed to the success of the entertainment.

We are losing some of our business men just now: Mr. James Hill, watchmaker, who has purchased a connection in Dunedin, and Mr. John Keoso, of the Victoria livery stables, who has taken the Prince of Wales stables at Invercargill. I hear that it is probable Mr. Martin, jeweller, of Alexandra, will succeed Mr. Hill.

The Hospital Committee have adopted a new set of rules, some sixty in number, and they will be submitted for approval at a meeting of contributors which is called for the 15th instant. At the last meeting of Committee, the treasurer reported having received the Government subsidy of £403; also the sum of £24 8s. 6d. during the past month in subscriptions.

Mr. Browne, of Havelock, who met with a serious accident a short time back, is progressing very slowly towards recovery.

BANNOCKBURN & CARRICK RANGE MINERS' ASSOCIATION.

The quarterly meeting of members of the above Association was held at the Schoolhouse, Bannockburn, on Wednesday evening, October 7, the President, Mr. J. L. Moore, in the chair.

The Secretary being unavoidably absent, Mr. W. Griffiths was appointed to take the minutes of the proceedings.

There being a small attendance owing to the inclemency of the evening, it was suggested that the meeting be adjourned for a week; but on further consideration it was resolved to proceed with the business.

Mr. Buchan proposed, and Mr. M'Kurie seconded, "That this Association will hail with satisfaction the abolition of Provincial Governments, provided that local Government, with localization of the Goldfields revenue, takes their place.

On the motion of Mr. Buchan, seconded by Mr. O'Neil, it was resolved, "That this Association is of opinion that part of the bonus offered by the Government for an improved plan of saving fine gold in ground-sluicing should be offered for the best quartz-crushing and gold-saving machine."

A great amount of discussion took place on these motions, but on the former the meeting came to a unanimous conclusion that the General Government was preferable to the Provincial for the administration of the Goldfields.

The meeting was then adjourned for a month, when it was agreed to request a full attendance by advertisement.

The usual vote of thanks to the chair concluded the proceedings.

THE MELBOURNE CUP.

"Angur," in the *Australasian*, in his gossip about the horses training at Flemington, has the following:—"The Diver sometimes does his work with Lurline, and as is customary among the best of judges, opinions are divided respecting the merits of the two, a majority of the trainers averring that the New Zealander can give the colt any amount of weight and a beating too; but as Mr. Dakin has never allowed the boy to put The Diver at his top, I don't see how the trainers get their line. From this time forth fast work will have to be the order of the day, and should Lurline and The Diver continue to work in company, something like a reliable line may be obtained. Lurline is a grand mare to follow, and her companion, Calumny, who was down with her, is not half a bad one to look at. Papaya was reported as in the sick list, and was not on the course. After a short canter, with their clothes on, the two mares were stripped, and Lurline led the chestnut three times round the hurdles—the former stealing along with beautiful close and even action; while Calumny, who seems to be troubled in her feet, went like a cat on hot bricks."

The following is the latest Melbourne Cup betting. It will be seen that Lurline has gone up in price:—

100	to 20	at Goldsbrough (tk. and off.)
100	—10	—Horatio (tk.)
100	—8	—Lapidist (tk.)
100	—8	—Fitz Yattendon (off.)
100	—6	—Fugleman (tk.)
100	—6	—The Diver (tk.)
100	—6	—Lurline (tk. and off.)
100	—6	—King of the Ring (off.)
100	—5	—Cleolite (off.)
100	—5	—Break of Day (off.)
100	—5	—Rory O'More (off.)
100	—5	—Mountaineer (off.)
100	—4	—Speculation (off.)
100	—4	—The Ace (off.)
100	—4	—The Arrow (off.)
100	—4	—Triton (off.)
100	—4	—Rose d'Amour (off.)
100	—3	—Dagworth (tk.)
100	—3	—Gloom (off.)
100	—3	—Ella (off.)
100	—3	—King Tom (off.)
100	—3	—Early Morn (off.)
100	—3	—Benjiroo (off.)
100	—3	—Imperial (off.)
100	—3	—Paris (off.)
100	—3	—Prince (off.)
100	—2	—King Billy (off.)

Murder on the High Seas.

In connection with the charge of murder heard last week at the Port Chalmers' Court, the *Wakatipu Mail* contains a telegraphic summary of the circumstances of the case, as follows:—

The Oneca enquiry commenced to-day, and has created a great interest among shipping people. The principal evidence was given by a seaman named Sharp, who deposed that, on the evening of September 17, Charles Dodd, the second officer, sent deceased Green to the gallows for sleeping during his watch.

Green was standing on part of the rail, with his arms folded, apparently thinking, and about four feet from where he (Sharp) was standing. The second mate told Green to go upon the "gallows." They had a few words afterwards. Green then got upon the gallows, but the ship was rolling so much that he could not keep his balance. He caught hold of the staysail and halyards to prevent himself from falling. Dodd told him to let go the rope, and said that if he did not he would knock him down. He also told him to go out amidships. Green, in doing so, fell. Dodd drove him to his feet by striking him with a belaying pin. Green again fell. Dodd then struck him on the head with the belaying pin, knocking him down into the lee scuppers, where he lay for about five minutes. As he was getting up, Dodd again struck him on the head with the

belaying pin, and Green cried out, "For God's sake have mercy, I am an old man." Dodd replied, "I will give you mercy, you son of a —," and told him to go on the gallows again, and as he was doing so he knocked his hands from the sheet-pole with the belaying pin, and also struck him on the heels, and Green went overboard. Dodd told witness if he ever mentioned about him (Dodd) clubbing the man he would kill him. Dodd has been committed for trial.

The Palmer Diggings.

A correspondent of the *Sydney Morning Herald*, writing from Cooktown on September 5, says:—

The road over the Normandy Range is now finished, and is in a very creditable state, and a vast relief to the carriers. As to the state of the field at present, the older workings are being rapidly seized on by the Chinese population, which at present cannot be far short of eight hundred. The old ground is being reworked, and in most cases yields a few pennyweights per man per day; in a few instances a "patch" may be struck of a few ounces; and there have been one or two instances of a lucky find of either new and overlooked, or else badly worked ground, that have richly repaid the lucky finders; the men who worked these creeks and gullies at first were no novices in gold-digging, and left but scanty pickings to those who might follow. The most any man now coming up to the old field can expect is to make "tucker," with the rare chance of making wages as well, and the still rarer one of making his "pile." If the adventurous spirits from the southern gold-fields come well-armed, equipped, and provisioned, in large parties, with sufficient horses, they can go out along the vast extent of country lying to the west and south-west, along the Tate and Mitchell, through a country as yet almost untraversed by white men, but which the few prospecting and exploring parties that have passed through it have reported as auriferous along the greater portion of their line of search. It is a very rugged and broken country. Confused masses of low but steep hills thrown in the wildest confusion along the banks of (at present) shallow creeks. Plenty of timber, and little grass, and, as I was informed by an old bushman who has seen a good deal of this back country, "There's not a level 100 yards in as many miles." Regarding the chances of success in this direction, no one at present can say much—all is conjecture, but undoubtedly the majority of the miners believe that the field extends west to the Mitchell, and south towards the Etheridge, and there are few who have not the strongest belief in the value of this field in the future. Nor are there many of the lucky men who would hesitate about trying their luck there even now—dangerous as the expedition must necessarily be. The blacks are very numerous, and exceedingly fierce and cruel, and are accused (and apparently on good grounds) of cannibal propensities—at least when a white man falls into their hands. The country, too, is unhealthy in the extreme, and, moreover, the climatic influence seems to extend to horses, which soon break down, rarely lasting long on the Palmer. The tracks in every direction to and from the township are strewn with the carcasses or whitening bones of the equine martyrs to the *sacra auri fames*.

"The grass beyond the Kennedy is scanty and bad; being coarse, and apparently with little nutrition in it. A great deal of the turpentine grass is found there. The odour of turpentine from this grass is so exceedingly powerful as to make any camp in its immediate vicinity anything but pleasant. When the wet season sets in, and immediately before it, there will most undoubtedly be a backward rush of all who can leave at all, or who fear the unwholesome effects of the tropical rainy season, which in Queensland, as in similar latitudes of Africa, is prolific in fevers and febrile diseases. I would, therefore, strongly urge no one to come here who has not sufficient means to provide for such a contingency as an enforced idleness of three months or so, with the probable addenda of sickness and a doctor's bill (no joke, I can tell you, on the Palmer). It is sheer madness for the New South Wales miner to give up a certain livelihood in a settled and healthy country for a very poor uncertainty, unless, as I previously stated, he has sufficient capital to attempt fresh discoveries in the untried country, with all the necessary appliances and stores for such an expedition, in which latter case, with health, I think there cannot be any great doubt as to his success. At any rate, he will have followed the only course that is likely to pay him for the risk and danger of his venture."

"As to the prospects of this field as a reefing one, little can yet be said. That there are reefs, and good ones, if properly opened up, no one can feel the shadow of a doubt, as they have been fairly tested, in so far as they can be tested without machinery, and a great deal of gold has been extracted by picking the richer stone and 'dollying' it by a very rough process indeed; yet in this way three at least of the reefs are yielding fair returns.

"In time, I have no doubt that the Palmer will have many good reefs opened up, and will become a large reefing district; but whether, as its enthusiastic admirers say, it will yet rival Gulgong and surpass the Towers, I very much doubt."

The telegraph line between Naseby and Clyde is almost completed.

A Funeral-Reform Association, which has just been started in Adelaide, has resolved to abolish scars, hearse, mourning, coaches, and refreshments at funerals.

MINING LEASES REGULATIONS.

PROVINCE OF OTAGO, NEW ZEALAND.

Cromwell, Sept. 23, 1874.

To the Warden at Cromwell.

Sir,—I have paid to the District Surveyor the sum required by the Mining Leases Regulations of Otago, and I agree, if my application (the particulars of which are herein set forth) be investigated, that such sum shall in all respects be held subject to the terms of such application, and that upon approval of this application, I will execute a Lease upon the bases therein stated, if the Governor or his Delegate shall think fit to grant the same.—I have the honour to be, Sir your obedient servant,

JAMES MARSHALL,

Manager Heart of Oak.

Name and address in full of applicant.—James Marshall, Cromwell.

Style under which it is intended to conduct the business.—Heart of Oak Quartz Mining Company, Registered.

Extent of Land applied for.—400 yards by 200 yards.

Minimum number of men to be employed by the Lessee.—For the first six months, four men; subsequently, when in full work, six or more men.

Amount of capital proposed to be invested.—£11,000.

Proposed mode of working the land.—Tunneling and crushing machinery.

Precise locality.—Carrick Range.

Term for which lease is required.—Fifteen years.

Time of commencing operations.—Immediately.

The above application and any objection thereto will be heard before me, at Cromwell, on December 18, 1874. Any person desiring to object to the issue of a Mining Lease upon the above application must, within 85 clear days from the date of such application, enter his objection at my office.

W. LAWRENCE SIMPSON,

Warden.

KAWARAU BRIDGE, BANNOCKBURN.

The following are the Charges at the above Bridge:—

Horse	...	...	...	1s 0d
Waggon	...	...	...	1s 0d
Loading (per ton)	...	...	...	1s 0d
Dray	...	...	...	6d
Buggy and Horse	...	...	...	1s 6d
Buggy, Two Horses, and Man	...	...	...	2s 6d
Horse and Rider	...	...	...	1s 0d
Foot Passengers (each)	...	...	...	6d
Mob Horses (each)	...	...	...	6d
Bullocks in harness (each)	...	...	...	6d
Cattle up to 20 (each)	...	...	...	6d
Cattle beyond 20 (each)	...	...	...	4d
Sheep up to 100 (each)	...	...	...	2d
Sheep beyond 100 (each)	...	...	...	1d

GRANT & RICHARDS,

Proprietors.

NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.

The Use of the Reins.

"Visitor," in the *Mount Alexander Mail*, writes as follows:—

I have noticed that hardly one in a multitude seems to understand the true use of the reins. This, while denoting a manifold want of thought, may account for the frequent occurrence of accidents through what is termed careless driving. I will first contrast the action of one who knows how to drive with one who does not. Observe him as he is about to enter the vehicle. First of all he takes a good look at the harness, pats his horse on the neck, then quietly gathers the reins to and steps in. Having seated himself on the right side, he speaks his horse on, allowing it time to make headway before urging it on to a trot. The horse accustomed to thoughtful driving, obeys every signal with reliable precision. It will be observed that the thoughtful driver never intentionally jerks the reins to make the horse advance, nor strikes it to make it stop. For no other use are the reins in his hands save for guidance or pulling up, and for no other purpose whatsoever is the whip in his hands but to urge his horse forward when it is necessary to use it. Indeed, the person who truly knows how to drive properly would as soon think of shooting the animal as of using the reins as a means of urging it forward. Such are the chief points in a good driver's style. He lets his horse go its own pace up inclines, and makes up for time by easy pacing on levels and extended distances, knowing, by experience that a short trot up hill takes more strength or lung out of any horse than the longest easy rolling. Now for a specimen of the many-headed monster. He may be a young man of about 9 or 10, or an aged individual of 19; beyond which age I would fain not categorise, out of respect for antiquity, yet truth compels me to include drivers of all ages. Observe him as he mounts; how superior he is (in his own estimation) to all created beings, especially if he has a pipe in his mouth. He may be either a publican without being a publican, or a sinner without being a sinner, or both in one, or a rich reefer who was once what not even his own mother could tell, a grocer, butcher, baker, or any one of the numerous class whose business is to fetch and carry goods, or such as ride about for the pleasure of advertising themselves. Look at him. How he clutches at the reins, scrambles into the vehicle, clicks with a noise like an old hen in agony, or the creak of an ungreased wheel, and jerks the reins with a force sufficient to break the jaw of any man, causing the horse to bob its head up in a state of bewilderment as to going forward or backing down. Jerk, jerk, jerk. Why don't the biped crack his whip, which he holds so theatrically, and give the quadruped rein? That is the question. The go of such treatment is that the animal either plunges forward with a look of terror or staggers along like a broken down jibber accustomed to ignorant handling. Now mark the progress up hill. Jerk, jerk, jerk. The horse responding, erects its head, (which is the most uneasy position going up hill,) and at length manages to pull the cart and its occupants to the top. Now comes the grand display of the driver. Up hill the horse goes too slow, down hill too fast, consequently the whip is used for the first time to make him understand that he is required to go with more regard for the packages than for his own convenience. So the reins are pulled violently, and the whip laid on at the very moment when its use is the last thing required, and it is a common practice to lash the horse when the impetus prevents instant stopping. Is this a result of thoughtlessness, or a display of "brummagem despotism peculiar to democracy?"

A facetious hair-dresser up town (we shall not mention names) sold a bottle of scent to a young lady in the neighbourhood of Ponsonby who was of a sentimental and fastidious turn of mind, and sent it to her home. The young lady took it back to the perfumer, and said "I don't think you forwarded the scent I meant; it is so different to what I expected." The barber replied, "Miss I am sure what you meant. I sent the scent I sent was the sent you meant, consequently we are both of one sentiment." The lady rejoined, "Whatever your intent, and however well meant, I never will consent to keep this scent," and she left the bottle on the counter and the hair-dresser speechless. — *Auckland Star.*

Aunt Bella (who has just read out aloud "The Burial of Sir John Moore"): "Now then, which of the verses do you like best?" Jack (with alacrity): "Oh, I know—'Few and short were the prayers we said.'

Californian "Doctors."

(*Daily Times.*)

In the State of California, it would seem, the law does not require that every person practising as a physician or surgeon should be the holder of a diploma. The result is that the man who in London as a last resort would take to "coals" or "wine," in San Francisco at once joins the ranks of the medical profession. "From this glorious army of doctors, defend us," is the very proper ejaculation of the *News Letter*, a rather outspoken journal, published in San Francisco. It has not contented itself, however, with lamenting over the evil which must result from cases of sickness being dealt with by unskilled practitioners. It boldly addresses itself to the task of weeding out the incapable from the medical ranks. Under the heading of "Our Quacks," accompanied by a design of a death's head and cross-bones, does the *News Letter* every week devote a portion of a column to this subject. In the number before us, the *News Letter* says that, in view of the facts that have come to its knowledge regarding doctors in San Francisco, "we feel assured that we shall be equally serving the profession and our citizens generally when we publicly ask certain men: 'Have you a diploma?' If they have, we will give them an advertisement gratis. If they cannot answer the query, the conclusion is obvious, and the duty of the patients plain. We append to it from time." Then follows a list containing the names and addresses of eighty-five persons practising as medical men in San Francisco. In some cases it would seem as if the practitioners had added doctoring to their other calling, just as a hairdresser would take to selling cigars and tobacco. Thus, we have—"F. G. Rappin (tinsmith), 1517, Stockton; K. Faber (cobbler), 131, Third; C. O. Hand (tailor), S. Kearney; and Frankenberg (shoemaker) Sutter near Jones." An ex-policeman, Mr Close, 822, Mission, it is to be presumed, however, devotes his whole time to his new profession. A bar-tender, J. B. Pinchard, 16, Second, must have excellent opportunities of adding to his list of patients, which, we suppose, will not always be neglected. "—Cohen (old clo'), 405, Kearney," has no doubt a very limited practice; while "W. J. O. Bryant (coloured), 825, Pacific," it is to be hoped, administers his fetish drugs to other darkies in cases of great emergency. A postscript to the list, by the editor of the *News Letter*, conveys the information that Dr C. T. Deane, Professor of Diseases of Women and Children, and Clinical Obstetrics, in the Medical Department of California, has called at the *News Letter* office, and claimed to have a diploma from Giessen, in Germany. The Professor, however, is disbelieved, as he cannot speak German, and the *News Letter* has ascertained that without a knowledge of that language he could not have obtained a diploma properly. It curtly adds, that "they sell diplomas in Giessen for coin." In another postscript we are told that another Professor had called upon the editor to say that his diploma had been accidentally burnt. The Professor's claims to skill, however, are doubted, and several specimens of his "terribly original orthography" are given for the purpose of casting discredit upon his statements.

A Dog and Man Fight.

The "Black Country" in England should, we imagine, prove a useful field for missionary labour—quite as much in fact as the cannibal islands of the South Pacific, or the slave dealing countries in West Africa. The special Commissioner of the *London Daily Telegraph*, writing from Hanley, sends a graphic account to that journal of a brutal and barbarous sport which seems to be in great favour amongst the denizens of the Black Country, but which, owing to its illegality, has to be carried on on the sly. Having been introduced to the scene of the "sport"—a cellar—the writer proceeds:—"It was a place about sixteen feet square, with bare walls and a brick floor, and at the four sides a rope was already extended, leaving a space of about a yard between it and the wall, and here, railed off from the centre, three deep, were the sightseers—pit-lads most of them (some black as when they came up out of the pit), with a sprinkling of individuals of the rough and costermonger order, the most prominent of the gathering being half a dozen swells of the country fancy, with snuff-coloured trousers and cut away coats, and waistcoat and caps of seal skin. Altogether there must have been at least 50 persons packed in the limited space, while the centre of the floor was really

sawdusted. A paraffin lamp hung from the ceiling, and as the window was quite covered with a shutter, and the only means of ventilation was afforded by the chimney, while the 'swells' had their cigars alight and the commonality their short pipes, no wonder that the place was evil-smelling, hot, and stifling. The personage who chiefly attracted my attention was a dwarf—a man of at least middle age, judging from his grizzled grey hair and the enormous size of his head and ears, but certainly not more than four and a half feet in height, yet with tremendous hands and feet and bandy legs. This was Brummie. He divested himself of his coat and his waistcoat, his blue-checked shirt and his boots, leaving himself with nothing on but his trousers and a dirty under-flannel cut off high at the shoulders. Stripped, he appeared an extraordinarily muscular fellow, and his arms, which were nearly covered with hair, were scarred, each of them from the wrists to the elbows, as though at some time he had been badly burnt. The creature likewise had a scar, ugly and jagged, within an inch of his collar-bone, and another—now that we come to examine him for wounds—at the right side of his chin, which looked like a piece bitten out of a dirty apple and put back again. He now produced a strap to which was attached a bright iron ring, and this he proceeded to buckle round his waist, at the same time dispensing with his braces. Then he took from a pocket of his coat a phial filled with what looked like oil, which he handed to the sporting gent with the watch, who took out the cork and smelt at it, after which all the sporting gents smelt at it in succession, and pronouncing it "all right," gave it back to Brummie, who, amidst almost breathless silence, commenced to anoint his arms and fists with it, rubbing it well in. 'All ready?' asked the sporting swell with the watch. 'Ay, mun, bring him as sun as ye like,' grinned the dwarf; and then there was heard the patterning of a four-footed animal, and an anxious whining, and, the kitchen-door opening, in came Dan'l with Physic. It was my friend the elderly miner of the evening before, and Physic was the hideous jowled dirty white bulldog. Dan'l had him fast by the great leather collar, and with both hands, hauled him to the wall, where another man hitched a stout chair to a holdfast, while one performed the same office for the dwarf, except that in his case it was a substantial strap which was used. Like the dog, however, he had his measured length of tether, one end of which was attached to the ring at the back of his waist-strap and the other to a staple in the wall opposite. As well as I could make out from the arrangements, and the disagreement representing them, the terms of the fight were that both man and dog were to be allowed length of rope enough, as it was called, to get at each other, but there was not so much of it that either could fail to get out of the other's reach should he deem it prudent to do so. The biped brute was to kneel or go on all-fours, which he pleased, and was to use no other weapons than his clenched fists. He was by no means to take hold of the quadruped's collar, or to attempt to grapple with the dog unless the dog 'made fast' to him, when he would be at liberty to use his hands in order to extricate himself. In case the bulldog should be lucky enough to pin his enemy, the man had only to cry out 'I'm done,' and means would be promptly taken to compel the victor to loosen his grip. On Brummie's part, to win the fight he was to knock the bulldog out of time, in other words, either to stun it or so punish it that despite all its master's urging, it would refuse to face the dwarf again after a full minute's notice. Dan'l set out a bowl with vinegar and water, and a sponge on his side, while the dog's antagonist received from the hands of a kind patron a pint-flask of brandy, at which he took a pull, and then stood it convenient in a corner, together with a towel. Then he tucked down his flannel shirt at the neck, spat in his enormous hands, made them into fists, each almost as big as a stonemason's mallet, and knelt smiling. Meanwhile Dan'l was giving the finishing touches to Physic's fighting-toilette, and man and dog were almost ready at the same moment. There was no need to encourage the red-eyed Physic—he was too eager for the fray. He did not bark, but he was frenzied with passion to that degree that tears trickled down his blunt nose, and his gasps became each moment more shrill and hysterical. He needed no urging on, for the first round at all events. As soon as the umpire called 'Let go,' the dirty, glaring, furious brute sprang forward with an impetuosity that caused the last link of its chain to click with a ringing sound against the staple which held it. The dwarf, however, was not to be stung

and defeated all in a moment. Once the ghastly fight began there was a dire fascination in it; and I now noted closely the combat. The man was on all fours when the words 'Let go' were uttered, and making accurate allowance for the length of the dog's chain, he arched his back catwise, so as just to escape its fangs, and fetched it a blow on the crown of its head that brought it almost to its knees. The dog's recovery, however, was instantaneous, and before the dwarf could draw back Physic made another dart forward, and this time its teeth grazed the biped's arm, causing a slight red trickling. He grinned scornfully, and sucked the place; but there was a tremendous excitement among the bulldog's backers, who clapped their hands with delight, rejoicing in the honour of first blood. The hairy dwarf was still smiling, however, and while Dan'l held his dog preparatory to letting it go for round 2, he was actually provoking it as much as he could, hissing at it, and presenting towards it the bleeding arm. The animal flushed probably with his first success, made for its opponent with a sudden leap, but the dwarf leaped forward too, and smote the bulldog such a tremendous blow under the ear as to roll it completely over, evidently bewildering it for a moment, and causing it to bleed freely, to the frantic joy of the friends of the man-beast. But they in turn were made to look serious, for with astonishing energy Physic turned about, and with a dash was again at the dwarf, and this time contrived to fix its teeth on one of the hairy arms, a terrible gash appearing as the man snatched the limb out of his ravenous jaws. The bulldog was licking his lips, and had fewer tears in his eyes as his master drew him back. As for the dwarf, he retired to his corner for a whet of brandy and a moment's comforting with the towel. He was ready and smiling again, however, for round 3, and this time it was a fight in earnest, the dog worrying the man, and the man dealing it terrific blows on the ribs and on the head with those sledge-hammer fists, till in the end both the man's arms were bleeding, and a horribly cheerful business was going on behind the ropes at 2 to 1 on Physic. But let me make short work of the ensuing seven rounds, which in some of their details were so shocking that more than once I would have left the place if I could. The company, generally, however, were made of far less sensitive stuff. The more furious the ghastly fight, the keener was their relish for it, and in their excitement they leant over each other's shoulders and over the rope, and mouthed and snarled and uttered guttural noises when a good hit or snap was made, just as the dog and dwarf were doing. By the time round 10 was concluded, the bulldog's head was swelled much beyond its accustomed size; it had lost two teeth and one of its eyes was entirely shut up; while as for the dwarf, his fists as well as his arms were reeking, and his hideous face was ghastly pale with rage and despair of victory. Fate was kind to him, however. In round 11, the bulldog came on fresh and foaming with awful persistence of fury, but with desperate strength the dwarf dealt him a tremendous blow under the chin, and with such effect that the dog was dashed against the wall, where, despite all its master could do for it, for the space of one minute it lay still, and the wretch who had so disgraced what aspect of humanity was in him, was declared the victor. I shall have gone through that horrid spectacle to little purpose if any such tournaments are in future waged at Hanley."

In connection with the above, we notice the following item of news in an exchange:—A horrible description by Mr James Greenwood (the amateur casual) of a fight between a dwarf and a bulldog at Hanley, which appeared in the *Daily Telegraph*, excited great sensation. The Hanley authorities deny the accuracy of the report, and rewards offered have failed to elicit any information. Mr Greenwood, on visiting the town again, failed to identify the house or street in which the fight is said to have taken place, so that many persons pronounce the account to be an invention.

The inhabitants of the Cromwell district are sometimes puzzled to know which is the best and cheapest establishment to purchase their supplies of drapery and clothing at. They should no longer remain in doubt on that score. If they will only pay one visit to W. Talboys' London House, they will discover for themselves that it is not only the cheapest but the best store at which to deal for these articles. Mr Talboys has made arrangements to import his stock direct from the Home markets, and the public can rest assured that everything will be sold him at an advance only sufficient to repay the original cost, and return a fair percentage on the outlay. Every article in Mr. Talboys' establishment is marked in plain figures, from which no alteration is ever made. A fuller description of the stock will be found in *editions* to *come*.

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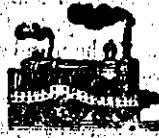
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THEYERS & BECK beg to announce that they are prepared to supply their SPARKLING XXXX ALE, in any quantity, to any customer in the neighbourhood.

Delivered free of carriage within twenty miles.

Orders left with

Mr. THEYERS, Alexandra;

or Mr. C. P. Beck, Clyde;

or at the Brewery, will be promptly attended to.

THEYERS AND BECK,
BREWERS,
ALEXANDRA.

J. C. C. H. A. P. P. L. E., AUCTIONEER.

Any orders for Sales in the Cromwell District may be left at the ARGUS Office, and will meet with prompt attention.

COACHES! COACHES!

Y E N D A N D P O P E

beg to inform the travelling public that on and after FRIDAY, 20th MARCH, they will extend their line of Coaches from

DUNEDIN and LAWRENCE to

QUEENSTOWN,

via Teviot, Clyde, and Cromwell; leaving the

Empire Hotel, Dunedin, for Lawrence, every

morning, at 9 a.m.; and leaving Armstrong's

Commercial Hotel, Lawrence, for Clyde, every

TUESDAY and SATURDAY morning; returning

from Cox's Port Philip Hotel, Clyde, MON-

DAYS and FRIDAYS, in conjunction with the

Queenstown Coach.

This line will be well found with quiet and

stealy horses; good and comfortable coaches

will be provided, under the management of ex-

perienced drivers; passengers may therefore

rely on travelling with safety and comfort.

FARES.

Through from Dunedin to Clyde £2 10

Queenstown £3 10

Intermediate stages and parcels at proportionate

rates.

BOOKING OFFICES.

Empire Hotel Dunedin

Armstrong's Commercial Hotel Lawrence

Cox's Port Philip Hotel Clyde

Eicharit's Hotel Queenstown.

Y E N D & P O P E

Patent Medicine

NERVOUSNESS—DEBILITY—LOSS OF POWER—SPERMATORRHEA—THE INDISCRETIONS OF EARLY YOUTH—SYPHILITIC DISEASES.

In all the above cases, arising from errors and yielding to the passions, no time should be lost to arrest the progress of disease.

D R. L. L. S M I T H has devoted himself for twenty years in the colony to the practice of this branch of his profession, while previously in England, he was the pupil of, and practised with, the celebrated Dr R. T. Culverwell, the only medical practitioner who ever exclusively adopted this as the sole branch of his profession.

Dr. L. L. Smith hereby informs the public that he is the only legally-qualified medical man in this speciality of his profession; that others advertising are unqualified, and that, therefore, in pretending to be qualified, they are obtaining money under false pretences.

Dr. L. L. Smith also warns the public against the quackeries advertised. If the taker of any of these advertised nostrums escape with his life, or his system be not thoroughly and irreparably undermined by them, he may look upon himself as the most fortunate mortal.

Dr. L. L. Smith has been applied to by so many unfortunate broken-down young-old-men, utterly crushed in spirit, ruined in body, and fished in pocket, that he deems it a duty to publish this to the world.

Those men and women who have been the victims of unprincipled charlatans frequently seek that recovery which is often beyond Dr. Smith's control. When will the public understand that it is to their interest to consult a duly qualified medical man, who has made this his sole study, rather than apply to a number of ignorant impostors, who merely harp and prey upon their pockets and health?

Dr. L. L. Smith has always stated that to warn the public of these quacks is his chief reason for advertising.

In all cases of nervous debility, lowness of spirits, loss of power, pimples on the forehead, lassitude, inaptitude for business, impotency, drainage from the system, and the various effects of errors of youth, and blood-shrinking from the body, previously contracted, Dr. L. L. Smith invites enquirers to consult him, as he has no hesitation in stating that no medical man, either here or in England, has had the opportunity of gain-

Patent Medicines

ties and extraordinary experience which he has had. Therefore, those who really desire to be treated by one who is at the head of his profession, in this branch of medical practice should lose no time in seeking his advice. Not should anyone marry without first consulting him.

Books published by the Doctor can be had on application to him.

The new Consulting Rooms are at No. 1182, COLINS-STREET EAST, MELBOURNE, Opposite the Melbourne Club (at the residence of the Governor); with a

Private Entrance in Lonsdale-street South.

CONSULTATION FEES, by letter, £1.

Medicines forwarded to all the Colonies, are packed as to avoid obscuration.

ALL CURES MADE EASY.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

Bad Legs, Ulcers, & Sores, Bad Breasts, and Old Wounds.

No description of wound, sore, or ulcer can resist the healing properties of this excellent Ointment. The worst cases readily assume a healthy appearance whenever this medicament is applied; a sound flesh springs up from the bottom of the wound, inflammation of the surrounding skin is arrested; and a complete and permanent cure quickly follows the use of the Ointment.

Piles, Fistulas, and Internal Inflammation.

These distressing and weakening diseases may with certainty be cured by the sufferers themselves, if they will use Holloway's Ointment, and closely attend to the printed instructions. It should be well rubbed upon the neighbouring parts, when all obnoxious matter will be removed. A poultice of bread and water may sometimes be applied at bed-time with advantage; the most scrupulous cleanliness must be observed. If those who read this paragraph will bring it under the notice of such of their acquaintance whom it may concern, they will render a service which will never be forgotten, as a cure is certain.

Rheumatism, Gout, and Neuralgia.

Nothing has the power of reducing inflammation and subduing pain in these complaints in the same degree as Holloway's cooling Ointment and purifying Pills. When used simultaneously, they drive all inflammation and depravities from the system, subdue and remove all enlargement of the joints, and leave the sinews and muscles lax and uncontracted. A cure may always be effected even under the worst circumstances, if the use of these medicines be persevered in.

Eruptions, Scald Head, Ringworm, and other Skin Diseases.

After fomentation with warm water, the utmost relief and speediest cure can be readily obtained of all complaints affecting the skin and joints, by the simultaneous use of the Ointment and Pills. But it must be remembered that almost all skin diseases indicate depravity of the blood and derangement of the liver and stomach; consequently, in many cases, time is required to purify the blood, which will be effected by a judicious use of the Pills. The general health will readily be improved, although the eruption may be driven out more freely than before; and this should be promoted. Perseverance is necessary.

Sore Throats, Diphtheria, Quinsy, Mumps, and all other Derangements of the Throat.

On the appearance of any of these maladies, the Ointment should be well rubbed, at least thrice a day, upon the neck and upper part of the chest, so as to penetrate to the glands, as salt is forced into meat. This course will at once remove inflammation and ulceration. The worst cases will yield to this treatment if the printed directions be followed.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, and Swelling of the Glands.

This class of cases may be cured by Holloway's purifying Pills and Ointment, as their double action of purifying the blood and strengthening the system renders them more suitable than any other remedy for all complaints of a scrofulous nature. As the blood is impure, the liver, stomach, and bowels, being much deranged, require purifying medicine to bring about a cure.

Bad Legs, Scalds, Bad Breasts, Sore Nipples, Burns, Skin Diseases, Bites of Mosquitoes, Scorpions, and Sandflies, Sores, Hounds, Ulcers, Cancers, Contracted, and Stiff Glands, Lumbago, Elephantiasis, Piles, Chapped Hands, Rheumatism, Corns (soft).

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N.R.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box, and can be had in any language— even in Chinese.

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